

Questions You Should Ask Recruiters

College coaches and recruiters will ask you plenty of questions during your recruiting process to learn more about you. And, it is just as important that you ask them questions too. Just as recruiters are trying to find players that best fit their program, you need to find out which schools best fit you.

The NCAA Student-Athlete Advisory Committee has developed a list of questions that you can ask recruiters to help you choose the best school for you.

These questions and other information is available in the [2003-04 NCAA Guide for the College-Bound Student-Athlete](#)

Athletics

What positions will I play on your team?

- It's not always obvious.
- Most coaches want to be flexible so that you are not disappointed.

Can you describe the other players competing at my position?

- If there is a former high school all-American at that position, you may want to take that into consideration.
- This will give you clues as to what year you might be a starter.

Can I "redshirt" my first year?

- Find out how common it is to redshirt and how that will affect graduation.
- Does the school redshirt you if you are injured?

What are the physical requirements each year?

- Philosophies of strength and conditioning vary by school.
- You may be required to maintain a certain weight.

How would you best describe your coaching style?

- Every coach has a particular style that involves different motivational techniques and discipline.
- You need to know if a coach's teaching style does not match your learning style.

What is the game plan?

- What kind of offense and defense is employed?

When does the head coach's contract end?

- Don't make any assumptions about how long a coach will be at a school.
- If the coach is losing and the contract ends in two years, you may have a new coach.

Describe the preferred, invited and uninvited walk-on situation. How many make it, compete and earn a scholarship?

- Different schools treat walk-ons differently.

Academics

How good is the department in my major?

- Smaller colleges can have very highly rated departments.
- A team's reputation is only one variable to consider.

What percentage of players on scholarship graduate in four years?

- This will tell you about the quality of their commitment to academics.
- The team's GPA is also a good indicator of the coach's commitment to academics.

College Life

Describe the typical class size.

- At larger schools, classes are likely to be larger and taught by teaching assistants.
- Average class size is important to the amount of attention you receive.

Describe in detail your academic support program.

- For example: Study-hall requirements, tutor availability, staff, class load, faculty cooperation.
- This is imperative for marginal students.
- Find a college that will take the 3.00 students and help them get a 3.50 GPA.

What are the residence halls like?

- Make sure you would feel comfortable in study area, community bathrooms and laundry facilities.
- Number of students in a room and coed dorms are other variables to consider.

Will I be required to live on campus throughout my athletics participation?

- If the answer is yes, ask whether there are exceptions.
- Apartment living may be better than dorm living.

Financial Aid

What are the details of financial aid at your institution?

- What does my scholarship cover?
- What can I receive in addition to the scholarship and how do I get more aid?

How long does my scholarship last?

- Most people think a "full ride" is good for four years - not necessarily.
- Financial aid is available on a one-year renewable basis.

If I'm injured, what happens to my financial aid?

- A grant-in-aid is not guaranteed past a one-year period even for injuries.
- It is important to know if a school has a commitment to assist student-athletes for more than a year after they have been injured.

What are my opportunities for employment while I'm a student?

- Find out if you can be employed in-season, out-of-season or during vacation periods.

How much financial aid is available for summer school?

- You may need to lighten your normal load and go to summer school in order to graduate in four years. You can take graduate courses and maintain your eligibility.